

## The 21st Century COE Program Mechanical Systems Innovation

The University of Tokyo

# The 21st Century COE Program

**Mechanical Systems Innovation, The University of Tokyo** 

## **Innovative Aerial Robot Project (IARP)**

In the 20th century, the main role of airplanes was to function as a means of transportation. Now, in the 21st century, it is expected that in addition to being a means of transportation, they will also play increasing roles in telecommunications, environmental/farmland/factory monitoring, accident prevention and disaster relief.

In order to meet those expectations, we are working toward the realization of innovative aerial robots, such as UAVs (Unmanned Aerial Vehicle) and MAVs (Micro Aerial Vehicle), which have multiple functions and advanced flight performance so that they can fulfill their various missions with success. Since 2004, this work has gone forward under the auspices of the Innovative Aerial Robot Project (IARP). In this project, cross-disciplinary members are cooperating closely under proper management by program promoters of the 21st century COE program.

To design and build innovative aerial robots, it is necessary to integrate elemental technologies from the field of mechanical engineering, such as fluid dynamics, structural mechanics, measurement, control and so on, as well as to develop each elemental technology. For example, the limits of application in conventional mechanical engineering arise when one attempts to miniaturize an aerial robot to the size of a hummingbird or insect. Each IARP team member addresses his or her own challenges in close cooperation with other members. Our goal is to contribute to the construction of a secure and safe society by giving robots new functions and widening their applicability. Additionally, we attempt to return our achievements to society in diverse ways.



# Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV)

#### Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics Prof. Shinji Suzuki

The Innovative Aerial Robot Project (IARP) team, with its winged innovative flying prototype robot, has succeeded in transmitting pictures from a camera onboard an aircraft and controlling the aircraft autonomously through cellular telephone communication system (2005/May/12 and 2005/May/17). The flying robot of the IARP team is the word's first small-sized Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) to use cellular telephones for the telecommunication of navigation and picture data.

Flying robots are expected to be of considerable use in missions such as early reconnaissance of disaster area and environment monitoring. The prototype robot that successfully flew the experimental flight (OBK-SkyEye2) was equipped with a camera, a GPS-enabled autonomous flight system, and two slot-in type cellular telephone cards. The aircraft (1.4 meters in wingspan and 1 kilogram in weight) is easy to control and can be hand-launched, which makes the system particularly suitable for emergency

situations. The development of the robot has been sponsored by the New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization (NEDO) for the fiscal years of 2004 and 2005. It has been a cooperative effort between the university and other organizations. The robot was demonstrated at an emergency drill in Nagata Ward, Kobe City, and was on display at Expo 2005 Aichi Japan. More recent achievements include a successful proof-of-concept experiment to demonstrate the feasibility to conduct in-flight environment monitoring using the infrared photography technology developed at Hiroshima Prefecture Forestry Research Center. The IARP team is also conducting research on Micro Air Vehicles (MAV), wireless power transmission technology using microwaves, and composite materials for UAV applications.



Television news coverage by NHK on 2005/01/31

## Rotorcraft-type Micro Aerial Vehicle (MAV)

#### Department of Environmental & Ocean Engineering Lecturer Hideaki Murayama

In various situations, we can imagine applications for a small robot that can fly freely and safely in 3-dimensional space. We are aiming to realize a rotorcraft-type micro aerial vehicle with multiple functions, namely, the ability to perform different types of motion, such as flying, running, hopping and so on. This robot has four rotors, and it can fly freely by controlling the rotation rate of each rotor. The main location where the micro aerial robot will be used is indoors. This means that the major challenges in developing the micro aerial robot are miniaturization and stabilization. Therefore, in order for a robot with small rotors to be able to fly freely, it is necessary that we make the fuselage lighter and develop an advanced control system. We could make an ultralight fuselage using carbon-fiber-reinforced plastics (CFRP) and some microelectronic devices. Also, we have improved the thrust system and the control system. Our current goal is to develop a micro aerial robot whose maximum length is less than 30 cm and which is capable of stable hovering and has maneuverability.



# High-Performance Robot Exhibited at the 2005 World Exposition, Aichi, Japan

#### Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics Prof. Shinji Suzuki

Under a contract with NEDO (the New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization), the IARP team, Ohta Business Development Consortium (OBK), Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, and Chuo University collaborated on the development of a type of high-performance flying robot named the OBK-SkyEye. From June 9 to June 19, the robots were on display at the Prototype Robot Exhibition held in the Morizo & Kiccoro Exhibition Center of Expo 2005 Aichi Japan. OBK-SkyEye is a series of small flying robots equipped with cellular telephone communication systems and GPS-enabled autonomous flight systems (refer to the page on UAV for details). The all wing configuration model (Type 1) and the twin boom configuration model (Type 3) were on display along with a demonstration of how it is controlled using a flight simulator. Unexpectedly, there were very few hands-on displays at the exhibition, and our arrangement, in which visitors had the chance to fly the robot above the exposition site on a computer monitor, was quite popular among children. After the exhibition, one of the flying robots has been on display at the Communication Center located next to "Akamon" on the University of Tokyo's campus.



The high-performance flying robot and the flight simulator on display at Expo 2005 Aichi, Japan

### Activity in IARP

Department of Environmental & Ocean Engineering Lecturer Hideaki Murayama

In IARP, we have performed various activities to promote close collaboration and improve the performance of team members. Cross-disciplinary members from the university, public research organizations, industry and so on attend our monthly meetings. Research reports and the exchange of information at the meeting are important for the purpose of project coordination. The international symposium on UAV and MAV was held for the first time in Japan in Dec. 2004. We organized this successful symposium, and we are preparing the next international symposium scheduled for Dec. 2005.

Additionally, we are planning to hold an aerial robot competition for university and high school students in 2006. In preparation for the competition, IARP team members and various experts self-produced model airplanes last year and held a flight performance competition.

As a result of these activities, collaboration among young researchers is closer. It is also notable that many graduate and undergraduate students are voluntarily taking part in IARP. We expect research and human resource developments to occur as a result of these IARP activities.



IARP monthly meeting



Competition on the flight performance of self-produced model airplanes



A self-produced model airplane

Program leader		Biomedical innovati	ion
Nobuhide Kasagi	Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering	Mamoru Mitsuishi	Professor, Department of Engineering for Synthesis, School of Engineering
Energy innovation		Masao Washizu	Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering
Masahiro Shoji	Professor emeritus, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering	Masayuki Nakao	Professor, Department of Engineering Synthesis, School of Engineering
oshio Nagashima	Professor, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, School of Engineering	Teruo Fujii	Associate Professor, Department of Mechanical and Biofunctional Systems, Institute of Industrial Science
Chisachi Kato	Professor, Department of Mechanical and Biofunctional Systems, Institute of Industrial Science	Takashi Ushida	Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering
akayuki Terai	Professor, Department of Nuclear Science and	line and deline ( al	
	Management, School of Engineering	Hyper modeling / si	
(azuro Kageyama	Professor, Department of Environmental and Ocean Engineering, School of Engineering	Yoichiro Matsumoto	Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering
Nobuo Takeda	Protessor, Department of Advanced Energy, School of Frontier Sciences	Takafumi Fujita	Professor, Department of Mechanical and Biofunctional Systems, Institute of Industrial Science
i amaki Ura	Protessor, Department of Mechanical and Biofunctional Systems, Institute of Industrial Science	Hideaki Miyata	Protessor, Department of Environmental and Ocean Engineering, School of Engineering
Shinichi Nakasuka	Protessor, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, School of Engineering	Shinsuke Sakai	Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering
Foyohisa Fujita	Professor, Department of Geosystem Engineering, School of Engineering	Shinobu Yoshimura	Professor, Department of Quantum Engineering and Systems Science, School of Engineering
Shigehiko Kaneko	Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering		
Project members			
Toshiki lino	Project professor, International Research and Education center	for Mechanical Systems Inn	ovation, School of Engineering
Kensuke Tsuchiya Yos <mark>uke Haseg</mark> awa	Project research associate, International Research and Educational Research associate, International Research and Educational Research and Educati	on center for Mechanical Sy on c <mark>en</mark> ter for Mechanical Sy	stems Innovation, School of Engineering stems Innovation, School of Engineering
Project collaborates		Project secretaries	
chiro Yamada	Professor, Department of Engineering for Synthesis, School of Engineering	Yuji Suzuki	Associate Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering
Shinji Suzuki	Professor, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, School of Engineering	Naoki Shikazono	Associate Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering
Keiji Kawachi	Professor, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, School of Engineering	Shin'ichi Warisawa	Associate Professor, Department of Engineering for Synthesis, School of Engineering
Yutaka Toi	Professor, Department of Mechanical and Biofunctional Systems, Institute of Industrial Sciences	Shu Takagi	Associate Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering
Shigeo Maruyama	Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering	Katsuko Furukawa	Lecturer, Department of Mechanical Engineering, School of Engineering
Marie Oshima	Professor, Department of Mechanical and Biofunctional	Hideaki Murayama	Lecturer, Department of Environmental and Ocean
Foshinori Watanabe	Associate Professor, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, School of Engineering		
Advisory Cor	nmittee		
Advisory Committee	e		
Koutaro Inoue	Senior Fellow, Japan Science and Technology Agency	Yoshitsugu Kimura	Chair, President, Kagawa University
Nichory Kilduch			Lallow National Institute for Materials Falance

## Activities of Mechanical Systems Innovation Program (scheduled)

(Open Seminars)

#### ©FYI2005-3rd Seminar

#### Date : June 23, 2005

- Venue : Seminar Room No.2, Faculty of Engineering Bldg.2, Hongo Campus
- Subject : Thermal Stress Reduction for a Czochralski Grown Single Crystal
- Speaker : Prof. Huaxiong Huang (York University)

#### ©FYI2005-4th Seminar

- Date : July 8, 2005
- Venue : Lecture Room No.28, Faculty of Engineering Bldg.2, Hongo Campus
- Subject : Coherent Thermal Emission in Modified One-Dimensional Photonic Crystals Speaker : Assoc. Prof. Zhuomin Zhang (George W. Woodruff School of Mechanical
- Engineering, Georgia Institute of Technology)

#### ○FYI2005-5th Seminar

- Date : September 7, 2005
- Venue : Lecture Room No.226, Faculty of Engineering Bldg.8, Hongo Campus Subject : High-resolution Biophotonic Imaging
- Speaker : Prof. Lihong V. Wang (Biomedical Engineering & Electrical Engineering, Texas A&M University)

#### ○FYI2005-6th Seminar

- Date : July 12, 2005
- Venue : Sanjo Confrernce Hall, Hongo Campus
- Subject : U.S. Microgrid Research Speaker : Dr. Chris Marnay (Environmental Energy Technologies Division,
  - Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory)

#### ◎FYI2005-7th Seminar

- Date : August 8. 2005
- Venue : Lecture Room No.226, Faculty of Engineering Bldg.8, Hongo Campus
- Subject : Multiscale Simulations Using Particles
- Speaker : Prof. Petros Koumoutsakos (Institute of Computational Science, ETH Zurich)

#### ○FYI2005-8th Seminar

- Date : September 8, 2005
- Venue : Lecture Room No.226, Faculty of Engineering Bldg.8, Hongo Campus
- Subject : Bioinspired Flow Optimization: Theory and Practice
- Speaker : Prof. Petros Koumoutsakos (Institute of Computational Science, ETH Zurich)

#### OFYI2005-9th Seminar

- Date : August 18, 2005
- Venue : Conference Room (An301), Institute of Industrial Science Bldg.An, Komaba Campus
- Subject : Multiscale Simulations Using Particles
- Speaker : Prof. Petros Koumoutsakos (Institute of Computational Science, ETH Zurich)

#### (Industry-Government-Academia Interaction Meeting for Human resource Development)

#### © FYI2005-3rd Meeting Date : June 21, 2005

- Venue : Lecture Room No.226, Faculty of Engineering Bldg.8, Hongo Campus
- Subject : Vision of Engineer Development
- Speaker : Dr. Hideo Ohashi (Chairman, Board of Directors of Kogakuin University)

#### ©FYI2005-1st Meeting

#### Date : August 4, 2005

Venue : Lecture Room No.226, Faculty of Engineering Bldg.8, Hongo Campus

#### The 21st Century COE Program Mechanical Systems Innovation, Newsletter No.7E

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